RATIONALIZATION

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 7 June 2018 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Higher Tier

1.

20	(a)	explanation	C1	for a correct explanation, eg $\sqrt{3} \times -\sqrt{3} = -3$, not 3	
	(b)	explanation	C1	for correct explanation, eg $\sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$, not $3\sqrt{2}$	

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 2 November 2017 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

2.

1	21	$\frac{6-\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{2}-1} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{\sqrt{2}+1}$	$2 + 4\sqrt{2}$	M1	for correct first step eg multiplies numerator and denominator by $\sqrt{2}$ +1 condone missing brackets
		$=\frac{6\sqrt{2}+6-\sqrt{8}\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{8}}{2-1}$ $=6\sqrt{2}+6-4-2\sqrt{2}$		M1	(dep) for expansion of numerator with 4 terms correct with or without signs or 3 out of exactly 4 terms correct
		-012 + 0 - 4 - 212		A1	for $2 + 4\sqrt{2}$ oe or for stating $a = 2$ and $b = 4$

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3.

19	√31	M1 expands brackets eg $36 + 6\sqrt{5} - 6\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{25}$ (=31)
		M1 rationalises the denominator eg using $\sqrt{31}$ with numerator & denominator A1 for $\sqrt{31}$

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4.

18 $2\sqrt{5}$ 2M1 for multiplication of denominator and numerator by $\sqrt{5}$ A1 cao	18			2√5	2	
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5.

25	(a)	4√3		M1 for $\frac{12}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$ A1 for $\frac{12\sqrt{3}}{3}$ oe with a rational denominator
	(b)	18	2	M1 for $\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{8} \times \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{8} \times \sqrt{8}$ oe A1 cao OR M1 for $(\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2})^2$ A1 cao

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6.

26	(a)	 $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$	2	M1 for $\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$ oe A1 for $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$ oe
	(b)	8√3	2	M1 for $2 \times 2 + 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}$ or $(4 + 4\sqrt{3} + 3) - (4 - 4\sqrt{3} + 3)$ or $2 \times 2 - 2\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}$ at least three terms in either correct; could be in a grid. A1 cao OR Difference of two squares M1 for $((2 + \sqrt{3}) - (2 - \sqrt{3}))((2 + \sqrt{3}) + (2 - \sqrt{3}))$ A1 cao
		21. 2		

7.